Grab board/marker for your group Do WarmUp below

TP bisects VS and MR. VM is congruent to SR. MP = 9, VT = 6Perimeter of MRSV = 62

Find VM.





Prove: Angle DBC is congruent to Angle E

According to the diagram, Angle ABC is a straight angle. Therefore, 2x + x = 180 3x = 180 x = 60Since Angle DBC = 60° and Angle E = 60°, the angles are congruent.



Given: Angle 1 is acute Angle 2 is acute *Conclusion:* Angle 1 is congruent to Angle 2

This conclusion cannot be proved. For example, if mAngle 1 = 20 and mAngle 2 = 30, they are both acute but Angle 1 is not congruent to Angle 2. (*Counterexample*)



Prove: Angle D is congruent to Angle E

This conclusion can be proved *false*. Since Angle E is obtuse, its measure is greater than 90. Since Angle D and Angle E have different measures, they are not congruent.

On Your Own:

Do p.37 #2 and #3 in Boss-Secretary Format



I CAN...

• Write conditional, converse, and biconditional statements

- A conditional statement is written in the form *if p, then q*.
- If a given condition is met (if p), then another condition is true or an event will happen (then q).
- The <u>if-clause is the hypothesis;</u> the then-clause is the conclusion.

Ex 1.) If <u>you don't do your homework</u>, then *p* - *Hypothesis*

you will get lunch detention. q - Conclusion

Rewrite the statements in if-then form:

Ex 2.) Every multiple of 4 is also a multiple of 2.

If a number is a multiple of 4, then it is a multiple of 2.

True or False?

True



Logical Order

 When given several related conditional statements, you must put them in logical order. The conclusion of one statement will flow into the hypothesis of the next.

Logical Order – Put the following if-then statements in order

- A. If Cameron graduates with a degree, then he will make a lot of money.
- B. If Cameron studies hard, then his grades will be good.
- C. If Cameron makes a lot of money, then he will be able to buy a new car.
- D. If Cameron attends college, then he will graduate with a degree.
- E. If Cameron has good grades, then he will be able to attend college.
- Logical Order:
- B. If Cameron studies hard, then his grades will be good.
- E. If Cameron has good grades, then he will be able to attend college.
- D. If Cameron attends college, then he will graduate with a degree.
- A. If Cameron graduates with a degree, then he will make a lot of money.
- C. If Cameron makes a lot of money, then he will be able to buy a new car.

Logical Order Ex. 2 – Put the statements in logical order.

- A. If a shape is a square, then it is a rhombus.
- B. If a shape is a parallelogram , then it is a quadrilateral.
- C. If a shape is a quadrilateral, then it is a polygon.
- D. If a shape is a rhombus, then it is a parallelogram.
- A. If a shape is a square, then it is a rhombus.
- D. If a shape is a rhombus, then it is a parallelogram.
- B. If a shape is a parallelogram , then it is a quadrilateral.
- C. If a shape is a quadrilateral, then it is a polygon.

Inverse - Converse - Contrapositive

What is the Inverse?

The inverse of a conditional statement is formed by negating the hypothesis and the conclusion.
The sentence *if p, then q* becomes *if not p, then not q.*

- State the inverse of the following conditional statements:
- Ex. 1) If it is sunny today, then Julie will go running.

Inverse – If it is not sunny today, then Julie will not go running

What is the converse?

The converse of a conditional statement is formed by switching the places of the hypothesis and conclusion.

The sentence if p, then q becomes
if q, then p.

State the converse of the if-then statements:

Ex. 1) If a polygon has five sides, then it is a pentagon. *p* - hypothesis *q* - conclusion

Converse – If a polygon is a pentagon, then it has fivesides.q - conclusionp - hypothesis

True or False? True

Ex. 2) If two lines are perpendicular, then they intersect.

Converse – If two lines intersect, then they are perpendicular.

True or False?

False – Why?



Ex. 3) If a college football team wins the Big Ten Conference then they will play in a bowl game.

Converse – If a college football team plays in a bowl game then they won the Big Ten Conference.

True or False? False – Why?

Counterexample - There are many other teams that play in bowl games!

Ex. 4) If you get an A on the final exam then you will get an A in Advanced Geometry.

Converse – If you get an A in Advanced Geometry then you got an A on the final exam.

True or False? False – Why? Counterexample - The final exam is only 15% of your grade!

Ex. 5) If three points are collinear then they lie on the same line.

Converse – If three points lie on the same line then they are collinear.

True or False? True!

What is a biconditional statement?

- If a conditional statement and its converse are both TRUE then they can be combined in a <u>biconditional</u> <u>statement</u>.
- The sentences if p, then q and if q, then p become

p if and only if q.

State the biconditional:

Ex. 1) If a polygon has five sides, then it is a pentagon.

Converse – If a polygon is a pentagon, then it has five sides.

Biconditional – A polygon has five sides if and only if it is a pentagon

- **Ex. 2)** If three points are collinear then they lie on the same line.
 - Converse If three points lie on the same line then they are collinear.
 - Biconditional Three points are collinear if and only if they lie on the same line

Homework



p. 37 #4 – 7, 9 p. 42 #1 – 5, 8 – 12, 14